

The Indian Journal for Research in Law and Management

Open Access Law Journal – Copyright © 2024 Editor-in-Chief – Prof. (Dr.) Muktai Deb Chavan; Publisher – Alden Vas; ISSN: 2583-9896

This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-Non-Commercial-Share Alike 4.0 International (CC-BY-NC-SA 4.0) License, which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium provided the original work is properly cited.

RULE OF LAW

The rule of law which we our following is taken by the britishers as we were ruined by the british colonies and our whole cultural was destroyed by then . we need to known at the time of Mughal , Maryan, and Gupta dynasty they were having their own rule of law in the bharatvarsha . At the time of the Mughal dynasty specialy at the reign of Akbar their was no discrimination between the hindu and muslim. but at time of the Aurangzeb their was discrimination between the hindu and muslim , the more priroty was given to the islam people.

We need to see that at the time of Muryan dynasty and Gupta dynasty their was strict rules and regulation that is to be followed at that time. The rules and regulation that is to be followed at that times was at the murayans dynasty, if any person use to make any offence which cause threat to the country then that person use to be put to jail or is use public hanged.

In, India the rules of law which was implemented by the law makers was made by the brithers as we were not having our rule of law because our whole culture was destroyed by the outside dynasty such as british dynasty and the Mughal dynasty who were not the real owner of the land.

As a law student we need to make sure that the rule of law which is mentioned in the constitution showld follow the three things that is:

<u>Supremacy of law</u> which means that there is no person which is above the law as we need to known that each and every is equal under the law. The prime minister or any other VIP person not above the law and he has to follow each and every things as per the rules and regulation.

Equalty before the law which means that every person is equal before law is made to give justice to each and every person and not judging the cast, creed, color and specially the gender of the person.

<u>Judge made constitution</u> which means that judicial law which is made by the judges if they wants to change any law or amended by seeing the situation of the cases. the judge can amend

the constitution by the article 368 which gives judge the power amend any part of the constitution if they think that the this law dosent fit in the rules of the india or it can creat a hectich for the normal indian citizens.